

The
NYSTROM

Map Champ Atlas

Student Activities

Contents

Part

1

Teacher's Guide

Introduction
Literature Links
Class Record Copymaster
Atlas Activities with Answers in Place



Part

2

Copymasters for Atlas Activities

- Map Portfolio Cover
- 1 Using Your Map Champ Atlas
 - 2 What different kinds of communities are there?
 - 3 What kinds of places make up a community?
 - 4 How do communities make the goods we use?
 - 5 What view does a map show?
 - 6 How are colors used as map symbols?
 - 7 How do maps show natural features?
 - 8 How do maps show cultural features?
 - 9 What is a globe?
 - 10 How are maps and globes different?
 - 11 Which are continents and which are countries?
 - 12 Which places have seasons?
 - 13 How do people use natural resources?
 - 14 Where in the world is the United States?
 - 15 Can you find your state?
 - 16 What are the branches of our government?
 - 17 How has transportation changed in our country?
 - 18 How do people use the land?
 - 19 What is it like to live in North America?
 - 20 What is it like to live in South America?
 - 21 What is it like to live in Africa?
 - 22 What is it like to live in Europe?
 - 23 What is it like to live in Asia?
 - 24 What is it like to live in Australia?
 - 25 Does anyone really live in Antarctica?
 - 26 What have you learned?

Name _____

Date _____

What different kinds of communities are there?



Turn to pages
4-5 in your
Map Champ
Atlas.



Each picture shows a different kind of community. Look at each picture and read its caption. Then complete the sentences below.

1. A _____ community is located near a large city.
2. Most land in a _____ community is used for farming.
3. A _____ is a small community. Some are located far from a city.
4. Large cities are _____ communities.

Read the captions again. Then, circle **T** if a statement below is true. Circle **F** if it is false.

5. A rural community is located in the country. T F
6. A town is larger than a city. T F
7. A city is a community where people live and work. T F
8. A town is always located close to a large city. T F

Name _____

Date _____

Now look at
pages 52–53.



Use the Glossary to help you fill in the blanks below. Find each word in the Glossary. Then complete the sentences.

9. Cities are one kind of urban community.
Urban is a word used to describe cities and
_____.

10. Farm communities are a type of rural community.
Rural is the opposite of urban. Rural means
_____.

If you have
time...



☆ Look at pages 4–5 again. Find the picture that is most like your community. Write the letter of the picture below. Explain one way the place where you live is similar to the picture you chose.

Name _____

Date _____



ATLAS ACTIVITIES



How do maps show natural features?

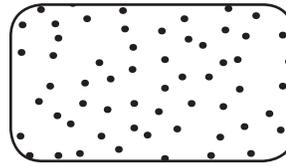
Turn to pages 14–15 in your Map Champ Atlas.



Write the name of the natural feature under the box that shows its symbol.



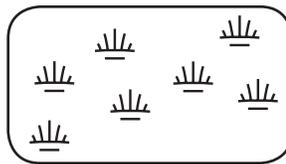
1. _____



4. _____



2. _____



5. _____



3. _____

Look at map E, Major Mountain Ranges of the United States.
Name the two longest mountain ranges in the United States.

6. _____

Name _____

Date _____

Turn to pages
52–53 in your
Map Champ
Atlas.



Look at the Glossary. Then fill in the next to the word that fits the definition.

- 7. A place that is soaked or covered with shallow water.
 wetland desert mountain
- 8. Part of the earth that is taller than the land around it
 wetland desert mountain
- 9. Dry region with few plants and little rain
 wetland desert mountain

There are many different kinds of wetland. Find the word *wetland* in the Glossary.

- 10. Write two kinds on wetland on the lines below.

If you have
time...



- ☆ Draw a map that includes at least two of the natural features you have learned. It can be of your own community, of a place you have visited, or of an imaginary place.
- ☆ On the map of the United States on pages 30–31, find an example of each type of natural feature shown on pages 14–15.